

HAMILTON ANXIETY SCALE (HAM-A)

Patient Name _____

Today's Date _____

The Hamilton Anxiety Scale (HAM-A) is a rating scale developed to quantify the severity of anxiety symptomatology, often used in psychotropic drug evaluation. It consists of 14 items, each defined by a series of symptoms. Each item is rated on a 5-point scale, ranging from 0 (not present) to 4 (severe).

0 = Not present to 4 = Severe

Score _____

1. ANXIOUS MOOD
- Worries
 - Anticipates worst

2. TENSION
- Startles
 - Cries easily
 - Restless
 - Trembling

3. FEARS
- Fear of the dark
 - Fear of strangers
 - Fear of being alone
 - Fear of animal

4. INSOMNIA
- Difficulty falling asleep or staying asleep
 - Difficulty with Nightmares

5. INTELLECTUAL
- Poor concentration
 - Memory Impairment

6. DEPRESSED MOOD
- Decreased interest in activities
 - Anhedoni
 - Insomnia

7. SOMATIC COMPLAINTS: MUSCULAR
- Muscle aches or pains
 - Bruxism

8. SOMATIC COMPLAINTS: SENSORY
- Tinnitus
 - Blurred vision

9. CARDIOVASCULAR SYMPTOMS
- Tachycardia
 - Palpitations
 - Chest Pain
 - Sensation of feeling faint

10. RESPIRATORY SYMPTOMS
- Chest pressure
 - Choking sensation
 - Shortness of Breath

11. GASTROINTESTINAL SYMPTOMS
- Dysphagia
 - Nausea or Vomiting
 - Constipation
 - Weight loss
 - Abdominal fullness

12. GENITOURINARY SYMPTOMS
- Urinary frequency or urgency
 - Dysmenorrhea
 - Impotence

13. AUTONOMIC SYMPTOMS
- Dry Mouth
 - Flushing
 - Pallor
 - Sweating

14. BEHAVIOR AT INTERVIEW
- Fidgets
 - Tremor
 - Paces

HAMILTON ANXIETY RATING SCALE (HAM-A)

Instructions for the Clinician:

The Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale (HAM-A) is a widely used and well-validated tool for measuring the severity of a patient's anxiety. It should be administered by an experienced clinician.

The HAM-A probes 14 parameters and takes 15-20 minutes to complete the interview and score the results. Each item is scored on a 5-point scale, ranging from 0=not present to 4=severe.

The major value of HAM-A is to assess the patient's response to a course of treatment, rather than as a diagnostic or screening tool. By administering the scale serially, a clinician can document the results of drug treatment or psychotherapy.

Developed in 1959 by Dr. M. Hamilton, the scale has proven useful not only in following individual patients but also in research involving many patients.

HAM-A Scoring Instructions:

Sum the scores from all 14 parameters.

14-17 = Mild Anxiety

18-24 = Moderate Anxiety

25-30 = Severe Anxiety